Tarrant County Medical Examiner and Forensic Science Laboratories

# Tarrant County Medical Examiner's District 

Serving Tarrant, Denton and Parker Counties

## Annual Report 2004



# FROM THE OFFICE OF THE Tarrant County Chief Medical Examiner 



## Our Commitment and Philosophy

Whenever we are called upon to assist, even if it is outside the defined jurisdiction, out of the scope of our duties, or otherwise removed from our responsibilities under the law, it is our general policy to help the individual reach the appropriate person, agency or organization who can assist.

## Our Missian Statement

The primary purpose of the Tarrant County Medical Examiner's Office is to assist the public and Law Enforcement Agencies to determine the cause of death due to unnatural causes, medically unattended or death due to violence, using state of the art laboratory and forensic science facilities.


## PREFACE

The mission of the Tarrant County Medical Examiner's Office is to serve the public by conducting death investigations in a timely and professional manner. The function of the Office is defined by Statutes $49.25,49.05$ and related statutes of the Code of Criminal Procedure, State of Texas. The over-riding philosophy of the Office is to provide assistance to the public, even if it is outside the defined jurisdiction, out of the scope of mandated duties, or otherwise removed from responsibility under the law, by helping the individual reach the appropriate agency, organization or person who can assist.


The Tarrant County Medical Examiner's Office serves three adjoining counties, including Tarrant, Denton and Parker, with a combined population base exceeding 2.2 million. Since its inception in 1965, the Tarrant County Medical Examiner's Office has sought to promote evidentiary investigation to corroborate eyewitness accounts in order to satisfy the best evidence rule, which requires that all heresay statements be verified, by independent and reproducible scientific investigation. To meet this challenge, the Tarrant County Government has supported the establishment of a state-of-the-art Central Morgue and Forensic Laboratories that serve not only the needs of the District Medical Examiner, but also those of the District Attorney's Office, the Sheriff's Office, as well as large numbers of law enforcement agencies in North Central Texas. The Tarrant County Medical Examiner's Office and the Forensic Laboratories are in compliance with the State of Texas Accreditation as defined by Title 37, Texas Administrative Code, Chapter 28, Subchapter H and currently hold full accreditation by the American Society of Crime Lab Directors/Laboratory Accreditation Board (ASCLD/LAB) as well the National Association of Medical Examiners Program.

The District Office requires all professional staff members, especially its physicians, to participate in continuing education programs in their respective field of expertise. Furthermore, the District offers internship and externship programs to medical and graduate medical students including those from Baylor University Medical Center as well as the University of North Texas Health Science Center. In December 2004, the District Office hosted the $5^{\text {th }}$ Annual Forensic Science Conference, which was co-sponsored by the Texas Wesleyan Law School and supported by Harris-Methodist, Fort Worth. And finally, our Forensic Fellowship Program (approved by the United States Joint Commission on Graduate Medical Education) will graduate its first Fellow on June 30, 2005.

Over the years, the professional staff at the Tarrant County Medical Examiner's Office has served a much wider law enforcement community through involvement in various national and international forensic investigations including those in Waco, Texas, the genocides in Rwanda and Bosnia, and many human rights missions on behalf of the United Nations and Physicians For Human Rights in troubled parts of the world such as Guatemala, Kosovo, Palestine, Afghanistan and more recently in Iraq.


## ADMINISTRATION \& STAFF





Cheryl Wheeler


Nizam Peerwani, M.D.
Marc Krouse, M.D.
Gary Sisler, D.O.
Robert Lloyd White, M.D., Ph.D.
Obinna Ugwu, M.D.

Chief Medical Examiner
Deputy Chief Medical Examiner
Deputy Medical Examiner
Deputy Medical Examiner
Forensic Pathology Fellow

## ADMINISTRATION

Nannepaga Zachariah, Ph.D.

Technical Administration Director

## FORENSIC DEATH INVESTIGATION

## Tarrant County

Darrell Thompson, B.S.
Michael Floyd, B.S.
Gloria Hamilton, B.S.
John Briggs
Tommy Swan
Curtis Clary
Jimmy McDonald
Larry Steffler
Stephen White
Mick Kimbrow
Amy Renfro
Tracy Vancil
Celina Stroud
Paul Krieg
Denton County
John Looper, B.S.
Sharon Baughman
Troy Taylor
Dan Lintner
Dina Kacick
Parker County
Kelly Green, B.A.
Jack Head, REMT-P
Gary Van Y, M.B.A.
Bill King
J.C. Travis

Chief Forensic Death Investigator Forensic Death Investigator II
Forensic Death Investigator II
Forensic Death Investigator II
Forensic Death Investigator II
Forensic Death Investigator I
Forensic Death Investigator I
Forensic Death Investigator I
Forensic Death Investigator I
Forensic Death Investigator II
Investigative Clerk
Investigative Clerk
Investigative Clerk
Investigative Clerk

Chief Forensic Investigator
Forensic Death Investigator
Forensic Death Investigator
Forensic Death Investigator
Forensic Death Investigator

Forensic Death Investigator Forensic Death Investigator Forensic Death Investigator Forensic Death Investigator Forensic Death Investigator

## FORENSIC CRIMINALISTICS LABORATORY

Ronald Singer, M.S. Constance Patton, B.S. Carolyn VanWinkle, M.S. Patricia Eddings, B.S.
Dana Austin, Ph.D.
Kelly Belcher, M.S.
Larry Reynolds
Bill Bailey
Jamie Becker, B.S.

Crime Lab Supervisor
Senior Forensic Biologist
Senior Forensic Biologist
Trace Evidence Supervisor
Anthropologist
Trace Analyst
Forensic Photographer
Latent Finger Print Examiner
Senior Criminalist - Firearms \& Tool Marks

## FORENSIC CHEMISTRY and TOXICOLOGY LABORATORY

Angela Springfield, Ph.D.
Joyce Ho, B.S.
Beryl Landry, B.S.
Tracye Poirier, B.S.
Mark Fondren, M.S.
John Harris, M.S.
Michelle O'Neal, B.S.
Susan Howe, Ph.D.
Cheryl Wheeler, B.S.
Connie Lewis, B.S.
Chief Forensic Toxicologist
Toxicology Lab Manager
Forensic Toxicologist
Forensic Toxicologist
Senior Forensic Chemist
Senior Forensic Chemist
Senior Forensic Chemist
Forensic Toxicologist
Forensic Toxicologist
Forensic Toxicologist

## HISTOLOGY

Mike Smith, B.S.
Forensic Histotechnician

# HUMAN IDENTIFICATION and EVIDENCE SERVICES 

Roger Metcalf, D.D.S.
Chief of Identification Services

Linda Anderson
Terry Cumming
Sherry Thompson
Kirsten Dix
Donna Jones
Novella Young
Julieta Alvidres
Donna Montemayor

SECRETARIAL SERVICES
Executive Assistant
Medical Secretary IV
Medical Secretary IV
Medical Secretary IV
Medical Secretary III
Records Custodian
Records Clerk
Bookkeeper III

## MORGUE/EVIDENCE SERVICES

Larry Anderson
Ronnie Redic
Patricia EIRashid
Alberto Medina
Traci Wilson
Glynn Dill
Damerrick Williams

Director of Morgue/Evidence Services Senior Autopsy Technician
Autopsy Technician/Evidence
Autopsy Technician/Evidence
Autopsy Technician/Evidence
Autopsy Technician/Evidence
Autopsy Technician/Evidence

BUILDING ENGINEER
Jun Lumadilla

## MEDICAL EXAMINER STAFF

NIZAM PEIERWANI, M.D. - CHIEIF MEDICAL EXAMINER
Dr. Peerwani is a graduate of the American University of Beirut (MD '76). He completed his residency in pathology at Baylor University Medical Center in Dallas, and is board certified in clinical, anatomic and forensic pathology. Currently he is the Chief Medical Examiner for Tarrant, Denton and Parker counties in the state of Texas and has held this position since July 1979. His academic affiliations include the University of North Texas Health Science Medical Center and Baylor College of Dentistry as Clinical Adjunct Professor. He is an advocate of child safety and served on the Texas Child Fatality Review Committee as an expert in Forensic Medicine. Dr. Peerwani is also an advocate of Human Rights and serves as an expert consultant for Physicians for Human Rights with completed assignments in Rwanda, Bosnia, Indonesia, Cyprus Afghanistan and Israel for genocide and human rights violations under auspices of the United Nations Tribunal.

## MARO KROUSE, M.D. - DEPUITY OHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER

Dr. Krouse graduated from Texas A\&M University with a B.S. degree (1974) in zoology, and from the University of Texas Southwestern Medical School with a M.D. degree (1977). Dr. Krouse completed his pathology residency at Baylor University Medical Center. Dr. Krouse has served as Deputy Medical Examiner (1978-85) and is currently Deputy Chief Medical Examiner (1985-present).

## GARY L. SISLER, D.O. - DEPUTY MEDICAL EXAMINER

Dr. Sisler graduated from the University of Toledo (1959) with a B.S. degree before completing his D.O. degree (1965) at the Kansas City College of Osteopathic Medicine. A board certified diplomat of both the American Board of Forensic Examiners and the American Board of Forensic Medicine, Dr. Sisler is also certified in anatomic and clinical pathology by the American Board of Pathology. Dr. Sisler joined the medical examiner staff in 1989.

## Robert Lloyd White, M.D., Ph.D. - deputy medical exaiminer

Dr. White earned a B.S. degree (1965) from University of Tulsa, Oklahoma, and a M.D. degree (1972) from University of Oklahoma, College of Medicine. He completed his residency in anatomic and clinical pathology at Baylor University Medical Center in 1976, and completed a fellowship in forensic pathology through the Southwestern Institute of Forensic Sciences, University of Texas, Southwestern Medical Center in Dallas, Texas. Dr. White's medical specialty certification include anatomic, clinical and forensic pathology. He worked with Affiliated Pathologies group in Denton, Texas, between 1977 and 1989 as Director of Autopsy Services and also served as Chief of Medical Staff, Lewisville Memorial Hospital in Lewisville, Texas. Between 1989 and 1992 he served as Mississippi State Medical Examiner and visiting clinical assistant professor of pathology at the University of Mississippi Medical Center. He worked as Nueces County Chief Medical Examiner in Corpus Christi, Texas, between 1992 and 2002. Before joining the Tarrant County Medical Examiner's Office in February 2005, he was a consulting forensic pathologist between 2003 and 2005. In addition to his experience as a teacher and a researcher, he also has a degree in Theology from the University of Dallas, Texas (1988).

## Obinna Ugwu, M.D. - Forensic pathology fellow

Dr. Ugwu joined the Forensic Pathology Fellowship program at the Tarrant County Medical Examiner's Office starting July 2004. Dr. Ugwu obtained his M.D. degree from the University of Nigeria, Enugu Nigeria. He did his residency in Anatomic and Clinical Pathology at Metro Medical Center, a campus of Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine in Cleveland, Ohio.

## ADMIIISTRATION

## NANNEPAGA ZACHARIAH, PHD. - TECHNICAL ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR

Dr. Zachariah joined the Medical Examiner's office in June 2000. He has Ph.D. degrees from India and from the University of Nebraska in Biochemistry (1976). After completing a Post Doctoral Fellowship at Cleveland Clinic he worked in the Pathology Departments at Baylor University Medical Center and Osteopathic Medical Center of Texas. Certified by the American Board of Bioanalysts as a High Complexity Laboratory Director, he has several publications and actively participates in Scientific and Professional organizations. His teaching affiliation includes UNT Health Science Center and Tarleton State University.

# FORENSIC DEATH INVESTIGATION 

## TARRANT COUNTY:

DARRELL R. THOMPSON, B.S. - CHIEF FORENSIC DEATH INVESTIGATOR
Mr. Thompson began working as a medical investigator in 1980 following a distinguished career with the Fort Worth Police Department, where he served in the patrol, special enforcement, crime scene, and homicide divisions. Mr. Thompson earned a B.S. degree (1981) from East Texas State University. In addition, he has an Advanced Peace Officer certificate from TCLEOSE, and is a Registered Medicolegal Death Investigator with the American Board of Medicolegal Death Investigators.

## DENTON COUNTY:

JOHN W. LOOPER, B.S. - CHIEF FORENSIC DEATH INVESTIGATOR
Mr. Looper entered the ranks of the Denton County office in 1997 after a law enforcement career in which he served as a peace officer, criminal investigator and law enforcement agency administrator. In addition, he was operations chief of the North Central Texas Council of Governments - Regional Police Academy for several years. Mr. Looper was promoted to Chief Forensic Death Investigator in 2000.

## Parker county:

KELLY A. GREEN, B.A. - FORENSIC DEATH INVESTIGATOR
After earning his B.A. degree in 1988, Mr. Green began his law enforcement career. In 1993, Mr. Green became a forensic death investigator for the Parker County office and is a diplomat with the American Board of Medicolegal Death Investigators (2000).

## HUMAN IDENTIIICATION SERVICES

ROGER METCALF, D.D.S. - CHIEF OF IDENTIFICATION SERVICES

A lifelong resident of Tarrant County, Roger Metcalf graduated from Baylor University with a B.S. in biology in 1973 and from Baylor College of Dentistry with a D.D.S. in 1977. He is currently enrolled in the M.S. program in forensic sciences at Oklahoma State University.

Dr. Metcalf has practiced general dentistry in Arlington for 27 years and has served as a member of the mass disaster dental identification team since 1980. Dr. Metcalf was one of the dentists who participated in identifying the victims of the Delta 1141, Delta 191 and Mount Carmel incidents.

Dr. Metcalf was appointed Chief of Identification Services in 2004.

## FORENSIC CRIMINALISTICS LABORATORY

RONALD L. SINGER, M.S. - CRIME LABORATORY SUPERVISOR
Mr. Singer graduated with a B.S. (1967) from Tulane University and a M.S. (1978) from Loyola University. He joined the medical examiner's district in 1989 and began the process of establishing the staffing and operation of the Forensic Laboratories.

## FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY LABORATORY

ANGELA C. SPRINGFIELD, PHD. - CHIEF FORENSIC TOXICOLOGIST
Dr. Springfield graduated from Vassar College with an A.B. (1964) degree, and from the University of Rhode Island with M.S. (1967) and Ph.D. (1971) degrees. Certified in forensic toxicology by the American Board of Forensic Toxicology, she joined the medical examiner's office in 1983. Additionally, Dr. Springfield is active in several professional societies and has approximately twenty articles published in peer-reviewed journals.

## Secretarial services

## LINDA F. ANDERSON - EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT

Accepting employment as a medical secretary in 1994, Ms. Anderson is currently the Administrative Assistant for both the Chief and Deputy Chief Medical Examiner's. She is responsible for scheduling pathologist's for morgue duty, directs physician scheduling of court appearances and professional engagements, trains secretarial staff, interacts with families and general public. In addition to her responsibility, she acts as the Public Information Officer for the office. Ms. Anderson's previous employment history includes office manager/procurement technician for Harris Methodist Tissue Services and Court Clerk with the City of Fort Worth Municipal Court.

## Morgue/evidence services

## LARRY G. ANDERSON - DIRECTOR OF MORGUE/EVIDENCE SERVICES

Mr. Anderson is one of the senior most employees of this office and his services, starting from 1976, include developing morgue and evidence procedures for this office. Mr. Anderson is also in charge of building maintenance and related quality control programs.


## GENERAL SUMMARY



General summary

| Type of Case | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Medical Examiner | 1462 | 247 | 75 | $\mathbf{1 7 8 4}$ |
| Non-Jurisdiction | N/A | N/A | N/A | $\mathbf{3 3 6}$ |
| Reportable <br> (Jurisdiction Waived) | 4956 | 871 | 181 | $\mathbf{6 0 0 8}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 4 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 1 2 8}$ |


| Forensic Pathology |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autopsy Examinations <br> (Complete) | 853 | 144 | 45 | 1042 |  |
| Autopsy Examinations <br> Incisional) | 385 | 49 | 11 | 442 |  |
| External Examinations | 224 | 54 | 19 | 297 |  |
| Radiological Examinations | N/A | N/A | N/A | 498 |  |
| Histology Examinations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Death Certificates Issued | 1462 | 247 | 75 | 1784 |  |
| Cremation Letters Issued | 1654 | 311 | 64 | 2029 |  |


| Criminalistics Laboratory |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Cases Processed |  | 2661 |
| Services Performed |  | 84,545 |


| Identification Services |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Identified Remains | 140 | 27 | 4 | 171 |
| Nom-jurisdictional | 13 | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| Total | 140 | 27 | 4 | 184 |


| Child Fatality Review Team |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cases Reviewed | 111 | 14 | 6 | 131 |

## TARRANT COUNTY - COMPARATIVE SUMMARY

| MANNER OF DEATH <br> CLASSIFICATION | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population | $1,508,950$ | $1,553,850$ | $1,628,200$ |
| Natural | 773 | 713 | 716 |
| Accidental | 402 | 405 | 428 |
| Suicide | 131 | 165 | 146 |
| Homicide | 116 | 116 | 108 |
| Undetermined | 41 | 35 | 25 |
| Pending | N/A | 5 | 6 |
| Non-Human Remains | N/A | 13 | 17 |
| Total M.E. Cases | 1463 | 1452 | 1462 |
| Reportable (Jurisdiction Waived) | 4953 | 4953 | 4956 |
| Total Cases | 6424 | 6405 | 6418 |

TARRANT COUNTY - SERVICES PROVIDED

| Services Provided | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | Change | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M.E. Cases | 1463 | $5.9 \%$ | 1452 | 1462 | $\mathbf{0 . 6 \%}$ |
| Reportable Cases | 4953 | $5.1 \%$ | 4953 | 4956 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 6 \%}$ |
| Total Cases | $\mathbf{6 4 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Autopsy Exams (Complete) | 861 | $8.8 \%$ | 848 | 853 | $\mathbf{0 . 6 \%}$ |
| Autopsy Exams (Incisional) | 233 | $8.4 \%$ | 226 | 385 | $\mathbf{7 0 . 3 \%}$ |
| External Exams | 377 | $-4.1 \%$ | 365 | 224 | $\mathbf{- 3 8 . 6 \%}$ |
| Radiological Exams | 392 | $30.6 \%$ | 391 | 498 | $\mathbf{2 7 . 3} \%$ |
| Histological Exams | 440 | $-4.6 \%$ | 1055 | 1460 | $\mathbf{3 8 . 3 \%}$ |
| Death Certificates | 1463 | $5.9 \%$ | 1452 | 1670 | $\mathbf{1 5 . 1 \%}$ |
| Cremation Letters | 1901 | $0.0 \%$ | 1901 | 1901 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toxicology Requests | 1749 | $-40.0 \%$ | 1691 | 1706 | $\mathbf{0 . 8 \%}$ |
| Toxicology Tests | 13,788 | $2.8 \%$ | 14,472 | 19,681 | $\mathbf{3 5 . 9 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Identification Cases | 132 | $\mathbf{- 1 4 . 8 \%}$ | 217 | 140 | $\mathbf{- 5 . 4 \%}$ |
| Criminalistics Cases | 2682 | $1.7 \%$ | 2647 | 2661 | $\mathbf{0 . 5 3 \%}$ |

## DENTON COUNTY-COMPARITIVE SUMMARY

| Classification | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population | 475,600 | 504,650 | 552,600 |
| Natural | 119 | 149 | 129 |
| Accidental | 88 | 79 | 49 |
| Suicide | 43 | 36 | 49 |
| Homicide | 20 | 14 | 17 |
| Undetermined | 5 | 13 | 2 |
| Non-Jurisdictional | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ToTAL M.E. CASES | 275 | 291 | 247 |
| Reportable (Jurisdiction Waived) | 843 | 854 | 871 |
| ToTAL CASES | 1118 | 1145 | 1118 |

DENTON COUNTY - SERVICES PROVIDED

| Services Provided | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | Change | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M.E. Cases | 275 | $12.6 \%$ | 291 | 247 | $\mathbf{1 7 . 8 \%}$ |
| Reportable Cases | 843 | $3.3 \%$ | 854 | 871 | $\mathbf{1 . 9 \%}$ |
| Total Cases | 1118 | $5.5 \%$ | 1145 | 1118 | $\mathbf{- 2 . 3} \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Autopsy Exams (Complete) | 180 | $10.4 \%$ | 191 | 144 | $\mathbf{- 2 4 . 6 \%}$ |
| Autopsy Exams (Incisional) | 50 | $51.5 \%$ | 57 | 49 | $\mathbf{- 1 4 \%}$ |
| External Exams | 47 | $\mathbf{- 6 . 0 \%}$ | 43 | 54 | $\mathbf{2 5 . 5 \%}$ |
| Radiological Exams | 43 | $1.9 \%$ | 38 | 41 | $\mathbf{7 . 8} \%$ |
| Death Certificates | 275 | $12.6 \%$ | 291 | 281 | $\mathbf{- 3 . 4 \%}$ |
| Cremation Letters | 330 | $0.0 \%$ | 330 | 330 | $\mathbf{0 . 0} \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toxicology/Chemistry Requests | 285 | $92.5 \%$ | 170 | 114 | $\mathbf{- 3 2 . 9 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Identification Cases | 18 | $\mathbf{8 8 . 8 \%}$ | 34 | 27 | $\mathbf{2 0 . 5} \%$ |

PARKER COUNTY - COMPARATIVE SUMMARY

| Classification | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population | 94,750 | 98,450 | 107,400 |  |  |
| Natural | 49 | 45 | 36 |  |  |
| Accidental | 33 | 27 | 24 |  |  |
| Suicide | 10 | 12 | 12 |  |  |
| Homicide | 5 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| Undetermined | 1 | 4 | 1 |  |  |
| Non-Jurisdictional | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Total M.E. Cases | $\mathbf{9 8}$ | $\mathbf{9 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 5}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reportable (Jurisdiction Waived) | 261 | 210 | 181 |  |  |
| Total Cases | $\mathbf{3 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 6}$ |  |  |

## PARKER COUNTY - SERVICES PROVIDED

| Services Provided | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | Change | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M.E. Cases | 98 | $18.0 \%$ | 90 | 75 | $\mathbf{- 1 6 . 6 \%}$ |
| Reportable Cases | 261 | $1.2 \%$ | 210 | 181 | $\mathbf{- 1 3 . 8 \%}$ |
| Total Cases | 359 | $5.3 \%$ | 300 | 256 | $\mathbf{- 1 4 . 6 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Autopsy Exams (Complete) | 60 | $30.4 \%$ | 59 | 45 | $\mathbf{- 2 3 . 7 \%}$ |
| Autopsy Exams (Incisional) | 23 | $9.5 \%$ | 19 | 11 | $\mathbf{- 4 2 . 0 \%}$ |
| External Exams | 16 | $0.0 \%$ | 12 | 19 | $\mathbf{- 5 8 . 3 \%}$ |
| Radiological Exams | 14 | $0.0 \%$ | 12 | 14 | $\mathbf{1 6 . 6 \%}$ |
| Death Certificates | 98 | $18.0 \%$ | 90 | 86 | $\mathbf{- 4 . 4 \%}$ |
| Cremation Letters | 63 | $0.0 \%$ | 63 | 59 | $\mathbf{- 6 . 3 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toxicology/Chemistry Requests | 66 | $10.0 \%$ | 47 | 58 | $\mathbf{8 . 5 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Identification Cases | 11 | $118.0 \%$ | 4 | 4 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 \%}$ |

# STATISTICAL SUMMARY 1994-2004 



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Tarrant, Denton and Parker Counties - Rocords

| TYPE | $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Records | 6209 | 6111 | 6480 | 6733 | 6862 | 5881 | 5970 | 6180 | 6420 | 6405 | 6418 |
| ME Cases | 1578 | 1539 | 1558 | 1619 | 1721 | 1315 | 1440 | 1381 | 1463 | 1452 | 1786 |
| Natural | 744 | 728 | 780 | 825 | 842 | 648 | 757 | 721 | 773 | 713 | 881 |
| Accidental | 359 | 392 | 396 | 406 | 472 | 345 | 356 | 355 | 402 | 405 | 501 |
| Suicide | 205 | 201 | 191 | 192 | 191 | 116 | 132 | 143 | 131 | 165 | 224 |
| Homicide | 227 | 167 | 127 | 137 | 128 | 128 | 133 | 128 | 116 | 116 | 127 |
| Undetermined | 33 | 34 | 53 | 48 | 65 | 53 | 52 | 34 | 41 | 35 | 28 |

Total Number of Autopsies for Tarrant, Denton and Parker Counties

| COUNTY | $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tarrant | 990 | 909 | 894 | 925 | 992 | 861 | 862 | 791 | 861 | 848 | 853 |
| Denton | 124 | 126 | 134 | 131 | 181 | 141 | 167 | 163 | 180 | 191 | 144 |
| Parker | 54 | 44 | 58 | 32 | 57 | 46 | 56 | 46 | 60 | 59 | 45 |

ME Cases - Tarrant County

|  | $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autopsy | $\mathbf{9 9 0}$ | 909 | 894 | 925 | 992 | 861 | 862 | 791 | 861 | 848 | 853 |
| Partial | 44 | 104 | 81 | 119 | 101 | 171 | 338 | 215 | 233 | 226 | 385 |
| External | 301 | 278 | 291 | 339 | 312 | 277 | 197 | 393 | 377 | 365 | 224 |

ME Cases - Denton County

|  | $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0} 04$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autopsy | 124 | 126 | 134 | 131 | 181 | 141 | 167 | 163 | 180 | 191 | 144 |
| Partial | 6 | 20 | 31 | 18 | 14 | 29 | 33 | 33 | 50 | 57 | 49 |
| External | 36 | 26 | 42 | 50 | 42 | 52 | 58 | 50 | 47 | 43 | 54 |

## ME Cases - Parker County

|  | $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autopsy | 54 | 44 | 58 | 32 | 57 | 46 | 56 | 46 | 60 | 59 | 45 |
| Partial | 3 | 11 | 13 | 4 | 7 | 14 | 10 | 21 | 23 | 19 | 11 |
| External | 21 | 20 | 18 | 8 | 21 | 20 | 24 | 16 | 16 | 12 | 19 |





## ACCIDENTS

## TARRANT COUNTY

|  | 1994 | $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accidents | 279 | 326 | 131 | 336 | 373 | 345 | 359 | 355 | 402 | 405 | 428 |
| Vehicular | 84 | 105 | 90 | 105 | 98 | 162 | 76 | 155 | 157 | 144 | 164 |
| \%Vehicular <br> of Total <br> Accidents | $30.1 \%$ | $32.2 \%$ | $28.8 \%$ | $31.1 \%$ | $26.3 \%$ | $47.0 \%$ | $21.2 \%$ | $43.7 \%$ | $39.1 \%$ | $35.6 \%$ | $38.3 \%$ |

See graph on next page

## DENTON COUNTY

|  | $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 2004 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accidents | 53 | 44 | 56 | 56 | 74 | 52 | 65 | 77 | 88 | 79 | 45 |
| Vehicular | 7 | 12 | 21 | 20 | 21 | 24 | 25 | 39 | 26 | 26 | 15 |
| \%Vehicular <br> of Total <br> Accidents | $13.2 \%$ | $27.3 \%$ | $37.5 \%$ | $35.7 \%$ | $28.4 \%$ | $46.2 \%$ | $38.5 \%$ | $50.6 \%$ | $29.5 \%$ | $36.7 \%$ | $21.2 \%$ |

See graph on mext page

PARKER COUNTY

|  | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accidents | 27 | 22 | 27 | 14 | 25 | 20 | 25 | 24 | 34 | 27 | 24 |
| Vehicular | 7 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 13 | 11 | 2 | 22 | 18 | 13 |
| \%Vehicular <br> of Total <br> Accidents | $25.9 \%$ | $36.4 \%$ | $37.0 \%$ | $71.4 \%$ | $36.0 \%$ | $65.0 \%$ | $44.0 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | $64.7 \%$ | $66.7 \%$ | $54.1 \%$ |

See graph on next page


OFFICE DIVISIONS


## FORENSIC DEATH INVESTIGATION



Primarily, the purpose of the medical examiner's office is to conduct an inquest or investigation into the cause and manner of deaths occurring within a defined jurisdiction. Therefore, the Tarrant County Medical Examiner's District staffs an around-theclock investigative division responsible for initiating a formal response to all reportable cases. Investigators within the district inquired into more than 8000 deaths in 2004. Forensic investigators are trained specially in a multi-disciplinary capacity, and posses unique education and abilities including knowledge of criminal investigation techniques, relevant aspects of forensic medicine, crime scene processing skills, and maintenance of case integrity. Additionally, each investigator must be capable of conducting effective interviews, locating and notifying next-of-kin, and interacting with law enforcement personnel. Once a jurisdictional death is reported, the investigator attends the scene or hospital where the death occurred. After conducting the initial investigation, the investigator prepares a detailed case report containing biographical data on the decedent, a narrative of the events leading up to the time of death or discovery of the decedent, and a summation of all investigative analyses and leads. In addition, investigators coordinate with hospitals, physicians, law enforcement agencies, employers, families, and other pertinent sources to gather information that might be of value to the determination of the cause and manner of death.

TARRANT COUNTY DEATH INVESTIGATIONS

| Manmer of Death | Cases <br> Investigated | Fractional <br> Demand |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Natural | 716 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Accidental | 428 | $6.6 \%$ |
| Suicide | 146 | $2.6 \%$ |
| Homicide | 108 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Undetermined | 25 | $0.38 \%$ |
| Non-Human Remains | 17 | $0.26 \%$ |
| Reportable (Jurisdiction Waived) | 4956 | $77.2 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 4 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

DENTON COUNTY DEATH INVESTIGATIONS

| Manner of Death | Cases <br> Investigated | Fractional <br> Demand |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Natural | 129 | $11.5 \%$ |
| Accidental | 49 | $4.3 \%$ |
| Suicide | 49 | $4.3 \%$ |
| Homicide | 17 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Undetermined | 2 | $0.17 \%$ |
| Non-Human Remains | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Reportable (Jurisdiction Waived) | $\mathbf{8 7 1}$ | $77.9 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 1 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

PARKER COUNTY DEATH INVESTIGATIONS

| Manner of Death | Cases <br> Investigated | Fractional <br> Demand |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Natural | 36 | $14.0 \%$ |
| Accidental | 24 | $9.3 \%$ |
| Suicide | 12 | $4.7 \%$ |
| Homicide | 2 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Undetermined | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Non-Human Remains | 1 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Reportable (Jurisdiction Waived) | $\mathbf{1 8 1}$ | $70.7 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

## SECRETARIAL SERVICES



Secretaries for the medical examiner's office provide a diverse complement of support services for the daily operation of business. In addition to performing the usual secretarial tasks, each medical secretary assists in the management of records, complex transcription services, and interaction with bereaved families, law enforcement agencies, hospitals and funeral homes. Included in their responsibilities is the issuance of death certificates, cremation letters and amended death certificates as well as scheduling pathologists for court appearance. In 2004, medical secretaries generated over 2000 letters of authorization for cremation, produced 1847 autopsy reports, issued 1847 death and amended death certificates and performed numerous other tasks relevant to the administration of existing records and information.


## FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY



Forensic toxicological services were established at the medical examiner's office in 1983. Subsequently, the toxicology laboratory has expanded to include mass spectrometry, gas chromatography, and high-pressure liquid chromatography analysis. The toxicology laboratory provides drug testing to assist the medical examiners in determining the cause and manner of death by isolating, identifying, and determining the level of chemicals in specimens. Additionally, the forensic toxicology laboratory participates regularly in established analytical proficiency testing and quality assurance programs, and acquired the forensic chemistry laboratory in October, following an interagency realignment of personnel and services.

## INTOXILYZER PROGRAM

An intoxilyzer instrument provides an objective, scientific means of testing someone who is suspected by police to have been driving under the influence of alcohol by measuring a sample of the suspect's breath for determinable levels of alcohol concentration. Grant funds supplied by the Texas Department of Transportation were used to establish the ME office's intoxilyzer program. Under the program, forensic chemists establish intoxilyzer test sites, calibrate and maintain equipment, and train intoxilyzer operators, which benefits local police agencies.


## FORENSIC CHEMISTRY



Forensic chemists analyze drugs submitted by other agencies. Drug types received commonly range from clandestine chemical substances to therapeutic or prescribed medications. Cocaine, heroin, marijuana, and amphetamines, all drugs of abuse, represent the most common products received for chemical assay. Daily, law enforcement agencies within the medical examiner's district are faced with the challenge of identifying drugs found subsequent to an arrest or search warrant execution. Chemistry lab personnel also perform gunshot residue tests to determine whether a particular person may have discharged a firearm.

## FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY

CASES RECEIVED AND PROCESSED

|  | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Consults | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 65 | 6 | 2 | 50 | 123 |
| February | 60 | 7 | 5 | 56 | 128 |
| March | 75 | 10 | 3 | 71 | 159 |
| April | 87 | 9 | 3 | 59 | 158 |
| May | 65 | 18 | 5 | 70 | 158 |
| June | 63 | 6 | 4 | 69 | 142 |
| July | 64 | 15 | 5 | 63 | 147 |
| August | 64 | 7 | 3 | 64 | 138 |
| September | 56 | 2 | 13 | 62 | 133 |
| October | 55 | 1 | 6 | 51 | 113 |
| November | 55 | 16 | 4 | 73 | 148 |
| December | 71 | 17 | 5 | 66 | 159 |
| Total | 780 | 114 | 58 | 754 | 1706 |

## Chemistry (All Counties)

|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cases | 136 | 194 | 176 | 140 | 152 | 124 | 131 | 120 | 80 | 102 | 103 | 117 | $\mathbf{1 5 7 5}$ |
| S'ves | 355 | 415 | 395 | 414 | 352 | 264 | 308 | 264 | 292 | 248 | 338 | 267 | $\mathbf{3 9 1 2}$ |

## SERVICES PERFORMED

|  | ABN | Alcohol | BZD's | Cannabis | CO | Cocaine | Opiate | Amph | Other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 470 | 303 | 45 | 141 | 14 | 141 | 141 | 45 | 75 | 1375 |
| February | 378 | 256 | 117 | 133 | 32 | 133 | 133 | 117 | 96 | 1395 |
| March | 548 | 338 | 143 | 143 | 0 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 27 | 1628 |
| April | 374 | 238 | 92 | 92 | 10 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 69 | 1151 |
| May | 394 | 295 | 119 | 119 | 0 | 119 | 119 | 119 | 16 | 1300 |
| June | 502 | 357 | 218 | 218 | 13 | 218 | 218 | 218 | 60 | 2022 |
| July | 342 | 211 | 107 | 122 | 13 | 122 | 122 | 107 | 52 | 1198 |
| August | 450 | 346 | 134 | 144 | 8 | 144 | 144 | 134 | 12 | 1516 |
| September | 366 | 292 | 101 | 113 | 0 | 113 | 113 | 101 | 22 | 1221 |
| October | 286 | 311 | 94 | 98 | 0 | 98 | 98 | 94 | 0 | 1079 |
| November | 416 | 335 | 144 | 152 | 5 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 32 | 1516 |
| December | 330 | 347 | 153 | 144 | 0 | 160 | 160 | 153 | 76 | 1523 |
| Total | 4856 | 3629 | 1467 | 1619 | 95 | 1627 | 1627 | 1467 | 537 | 16,924 |

## FORENSIC CRIMINALISTICS LABORATORY

The Tarrant County Medical Examiner's District operates a full-service forensic science laboratory, which serves the needs of the medical examiner's office, district attorney's offices, and law enforcement agencies. Equipped with modern analytical apparatus, the lab combines scientific technology with an experienced professional staff. Specialized sections of the forensic laboratory identify, analyze, and report on various forms of evidence such as DNA, blood spatter, trace matter, chemical compounds, firearms, tool marks, latent fingerprints, questioned documents, and skeletal remains. In 2004, forensic scientists with the medical examiner's office received cases, performed over 52,000 analyses, and reported findings relevant to those examinations

## FORENSIC BIOLOGY

With the advent of DNA technology, genetic "fingerprinting" is now an important component of many cases falling within the jurisdiction of the medical examiner and the legal system. DNA examination provides the ability to restrict potential population of persons, to which a biological sample might belong, to a much smaller subset of suspects. Such a determination is extremely useful in identifying the source of the blood and, subsequently, connecting that source to a particular death or crime scene. Forensic biologists with the forensic laboratories utilize two different techniques to work with DNA samples. In one method, the DNA is extracted and analyzed directly from the sample. In the second procedure, polymerase chain reaction (PCR), extracted DNA is "amplified"
 as an aid to later analysis.

## TRACE EVIDENCE



Trace evidence is that evidence which is either difficult to see or invisible to the unaided human eye, or that evidence which is not obvious overtly. Analysis of trace evidence is required for identification and comparison purposes. Hair, glass, paint, and fibers are among the more common materials collected and submitted for examination. Utilizing advanced technology, such as a scanning electron microscope (SEM), the trace analyst is capable of enhancing an image up to 300,000 times its normal size. Identifying characteristics of a piece of evidence, such as a machining defect and the source from which it originated, can be matched through the capabilities of the SEM.

## TRACE EVIDENCE, cont.

Trace analysis depends upon the reliability and validity of the tests utilized to make a determination of the usefulness of a given piece of evidence. The trace analyst, as other criminalists, must be knowledgeable of relevant and scientifically sound analytical, investigative methodologies. Further, the trace analyst must also be competent in applying the principles and techniques of the natural and physical sciences to all performed analyses of evidence recovered during an investigation. Only when such criteria are met will the findings and interpretations thereof be admissible in court.

## FIREARMS AND TOOL MARKS

Examination and analysis of firearms, projectiles, ballistics, and markings imparted by any form of tool, fall within the purview of the firearms and tool marks laboratory. Accurate findings are essential in helping a pathologist determine the cause and manner of death. Weapons submitted are examined for inherent characteristics, unique identifiers, and safety-related factors. Range-of-fire determinations can be carried out on a 30 -foot indoor range. DrugFire, a program established by the FBI in 1995 to track open-case expended cartridge and projectile firearm evidence, was added in 1996. Retrieved projectiles and cartridge cases are scanned digitally into a computer database, which assimilates and compares similar information from other geographic regions. Matches of a particular case or projectile can assist in identifying previously unrelated weapons used in crimes.

## FORENSIC ANTHROPOLOGY

Bones comprise the structural framework of the human body. Due to their properties, bones decompose much slower than many other tissues and organs; thus, they are capable often of providing clues that assist examiners in determining the cause and manner of death. Skeletal remains can provide information such as the race, stature, age, and gender of the decedent. Evidence of trauma or natural disease may also be identified. X-ray comparisons can help establish scientifically
 the identity of a body. Samples of DNA can also be obtained from bone; thus, in cases where decomposition is advanced significantly, DNA analysis can still be of value. Tarrant County has the only comprehensive forensic anthropology laboratory attached to a medical examiner's office in Texas.

## LATENT PRINTS AND QUESTIONED DOCUMENTS



Latent fingerprint examination is a fundamental tool of the medical examiner's office, with latent prints being utilized as a scientific form of identification on bodies that present as Jane or John Doe. Fingerprints can also be retrieved from submitted evidence and used to assist in identifying a criminal suspect. Applying the newest technology, the latent print examiner achieves remarkable results in lifting prints from various substrates, and then saving and presenting the results as applicable.

## FORENSIC HISTOLOGY



Many cause of death determinations rely upon the examination of a decedent's tissues and organs. Special stains and fixation methods are employed to assist the physician in identifying disease processes and certain tissue changes that occur is response to trauma, lifestyle habits, or other variables.

## FORENSIC PHOTOGRAPHY



An equipped photography laboratory was added to the forensic crime lab in 1994. In addition to more traditional photo processing methods, the forensic photography lab is capable of processing ultraviolet and infrared films. Digital imaging and image enhancement are also performed. Slides, pictures, enlargements, and other services are provided to the medical examiner, to the courts, and to individuals for educational or research-based presentations.

## FORENSIC CRIMINALISTICS LABORATORY CASES PROCESSED

|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Ot |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Biology | 59 | 59 | 64 | 60 | 66 | 68 | 77 | 53 | 77 | 42 | 52 | 97 | 774 |
| Firearms | 11 | 5 | 6 | 14 | 4 | 4 | 11 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 75 |
| Trace | 13 | 6 | 17 | 14 | 17 | 17 | 14 | 23 | 7 | 23 | 17 | 17 | 185 |
| Latent Prints | 16 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 20 | 15 | 13 | 17 | 12 | 170 |
| Anthropology | 6 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 12 | 9 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 85 |
| Photo Lab | 106 | 112 | 92 | 117 | 126 | 119 | 125 | 106 | 129 | 124 | 122 | 94 | 1372 |
| Total | 211 | 202 | 199 | 220 | 227 | 224 | 246 | 217 | 242 | 213 | 221 | 230 | 2661 |

## SERVICES PERFORMED

|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Biology | 647 | 937 | 630 | 740 | 944 | 977 | 675 | 898 | 842 | 620 | 677 | 1098 | 6993 |
| Firearms | 146 | 29 | 40 | 105 | 28 | 62 | 132 | 21 | 5 | 82 | 42 | 26 | 718 |
| Trace | 588 | 1134 | 911 | 962 | 1294 | 754 | 1189 | 2840 | 2259 | 4761 | 1965 | 1859 | 20,516 |
| Latent Prints | 59 | 68 | 55 | 72 | 71 | 36 | 43 | 67 | 113 | 44 | 115 | 28 | 771 |
| Anthropology | 313 | 114 | 35 | 130 | 32 | 146 | 54 | 440 | 71 | 76 | 52 | 133 | 1596 |
| Photo Lab | 3853 | 4072 | 4412 | 4208 | 4204 | 4520 | 4737 | 4678 | 4339 | 4355 | 3805 | 4076 | 51,259 |
| Total | 5606 | 6354 | 6083 | 6217 | 6573 | 6495 | 6830 | 8944 | 7629 | 9938 | 6656 | 7220 | 84,545 |

## HUMAN IDENTIFICATION LABORATORY



Identification of unidentified remains is accomplished often through a comparison of a decedent's dental records or records retrieved through the Texas Crime Information Center and National Crime Information Center (TCIC/NCIC) databases. In many cases, other scientifically sound identification methods (e.g., anthropological, x-ray, DNA analysis, or latent print comparison) are utilized. With the recent addition of AFIS (Automated Fingerprint Identification System) to the Human Identification Laboratory, The Tarrant County Medical Examiner's Office provides a fast, convenient and a cost effective identification service to the citizens of Tarrant County

## SUMMARY OF CASES

|  | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 13 | 1 | 2 | $\mathbf{1 6}$ |
| February | 9 | 2 | 1 | $\mathbf{1 2}$ |
| March | 10 | 5 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 5}$ |
| April | 13 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 3}$ |
| May | 9 | 7 | 1 | $\mathbf{1 7}$ |
| June | 21 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 1}$ |
| July | 12 | 2 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 4}$ |
| August | 17 | 2 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 9}$ |
| September | 5 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| October | 11 | 2 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 3}$ |
| November | 9 | 4 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 3}$ |
| December | 11 | 2 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 3}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 7}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 1}$ |

Multiple methods may be used for single identification IDENTIFICATION BY METHOD

|  | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anthropological | 7 | 1 | 1 | 9 |
| Dental | 14 | 4 | 0 | 18 |
| DNA Analysis | 6 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| Latent Print | 77 | 12 | 2 | 91 |
| Visual | 32 | 9 | 1 | 42 |
| Other (Scars, Medical <br> Devices) | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Unidentified | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 7}$ | 4 | 171 |

* Non-jurisdiction cases $=13$

TARRANT COUNTY IDENTIFICATION CASES

|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W/M | 3 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 56 |
| W/F | 6 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 27 |
| B/M | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 25 |
| B/F | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| H/M | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 21 |
| H/F | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| A/M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| A/F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| I/M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1/F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unk | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 13 | 9 | 10 | 13 | 9 | 21 | 12 | 17 | 5 | 11 | 9 | 11 | 140 |

## DENTON COUNTY IDENTIFICATION CASES

|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W/M | 0 | 1 | 3 | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total |
| W/F | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 13 |
| B/M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 9 |
| B/F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| H/M | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| H/F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| A/M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| A/F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| I/M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| I/F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unk | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 2 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 27 |

## PARKER COUNTY IDENTIFICATION CASES

|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W/M | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total |
| W/F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| B/M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| B/F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| H/M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| H/F | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| A/M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| A/F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| I/M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| I/F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unk | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |

# TARRANT COUNTY DATA MATRICES 

NATURAL DEATHS - TARRANT COUNTY

| Cause of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cardiovascular System | $\mathbf{5 9 9}$ |
| Central Nervous System | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Endocrine System | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| Gastrointestinal/Hepatobiliary System | $\mathbf{3 2}$ |
| Genitourinary/Renal System | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Hematopoietic/Lymphatic System |  |
| Muscle/Skeletal/Integument System | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Reproductive System | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Respiratory/Pulmonary System | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Sudden Infant Death Syndrome | $\mathbf{4 8}$ |
| Sudden Neonatal Death | $\mathbf{2 6}$ |
| Undetermined | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{4}$ |



ACCIDENTAL DEATHS - TARRANT COUNTY

| Type Of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Airplane Crash | 0 |
| Anatomical/Physiological Associations | 6 |
| Asphyxiation (Aspiration) | 0 |
| Asphyxiation (Choking) | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Asphyxiation (CO Inhalation) | 2 |
| Asphyxiation (Overlay) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Asphyxiation (Positional) | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Blunt Force | $\mathbf{1 4}$ |
| Blunt Force (Crush Injury) | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| Blunt Force (Fall) | $\mathbf{3 2}$ |
| Blunt Force (Fall From Height) | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| Drowning (Bath Tub) | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Drowning (Lake) | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| Drowning (Other) | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Drowning (Pool) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Electrical/Thermal (Electrocution) | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| Environmental (Hyperthermia) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Environmental (Hypothermia) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Fire Fatality | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| Firearm | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Overdose (Mixed Drugs) | $\mathbf{6 1}$ |
| Overdose (Non-Therapeutic Drugs) | $\mathbf{5 1}$ |
| Overdose (Therapeutic Drugs) | $\mathbf{4 2 8}$ |
| Sharp Force |  |
| Vehicular | Total |
|  |  |

## Accidental Deaths - Tarrant County



[^0]
## ACCIDENTAL BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX - TARRANT COUNTY

|  | W/M | W/F | B/M | B/F | H/M | H/F | A/M | A/F | I/M | I/F | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00-10 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 32 |
| 11-20 | 21 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 11 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48 |
| 21-30 | 38 | 10 | 5 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 71 |
| 31-40 | 45 | 12 | 5 | 6 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 81 |
| 41-50 | 35 | 13 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75 |
| 51-60 | 20 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| 61-70 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 |
| 71-80 | 13 | 14 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Over } \\ & 80 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 13 | 17 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 |
| Total | 198 | 89 | 39 | 27 | 51 | 17 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 428 |

ACCIDENTAL BY AGE AND BLOOD ALCOHOL - TARRANT COUNTY

|  | $.01-.05$ | $.06-.10$ | $.11-. \mathbf{1 5}$ | $. \mathbf{1 6}-\mathbf{2 0}$ | . $\mathbf{2 1 - . 2 5}$ | . $\mathbf{2 6 - . 3 0}$ | $>.30$ | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 8 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 1}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 13 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 9 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 3 | 5 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 8}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{8}$ |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | 0 | $\mathbf{1 0 2}$ |

ACCIDENTAL BY AGE AND TOXICOLOGY - TARRANT COUNTY

|  | ABN | Cocaine | Camnabinoid | Opiates | BZD |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 3 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 2 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 27 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 6 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 55 | 20 | 20 | 18 | 16 |
| $41-50$ | 38 | 6 | 11 | 27 | 19 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 10 | 1 | 3 | 10 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 1 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 9}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 6}$ |

## SUICIDE DEATHS - TARRANT COUNTY

| Cause Of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Asphyxiation (CO Inhalation) | 4 |
| Asphyxiation (Hanging) | $\mathbf{3 3}$ |
| Asphyxiation (Suffocation) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Blunt Force Trauma (Jump from Height) | 1 |
| Drowning (Pool) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Drowning (Lake) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Firearm | 84 |
| Overdose (Mixed Drugs) | 4 |
| Overdose (Illicit Drugs) | 4 |
| Overdose (Therapeutic Drugs) | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| Sharp Force | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Vehicular | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4 6}$ |



SUICIDE BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX - TARRANT COUNTY

|  | W/M | W/F | B/M | B/F | H/MI | H/F | A/M | A/F | I/M | I/F | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00-10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 11-20 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| 21-30 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 26 |
| 31-40 | 16 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 |
| 41-50 | 21 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 |
| 51-60 | 23 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 |
| 61-70 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 71-80 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Over $80$ | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 88 | 36 | 6 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 146 |

SUICIDE BY AGE AND BLOOD ALCOHOL - TARRANT COUNTY

|  | $\mathbf{. 0 1 - . 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{. 0 6 - . 1 0}$ | . $\mathbf{1 1 - . 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{. 1 6 - . 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{. 2 1 - . 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{. 2 6 - . 3 0}$ | $>\mathbf{3 0}$ | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 4 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 9}$ |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 2 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 1}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 9 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 4 | $\mathbf{2}$ | 0 | $\mathbf{5 5}$ |

## SUICIDE BY AGE AND TOXICOLOGY - TARRANT COUNTY

|  | ABN | Cocaine | Cannabinoid | Opiates | BZD |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 2 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 2 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 30 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 24 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 18 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |

HOMICIDE DEATHS - TARRANT COUNTY

| Cause Of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Asphyxiation | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Blunt Force | 12 |
| Firearm | 67 |
| Sharp Force | 14 |
| Vehicular | 12 |
| Drug Ingestion | 1 |
| Total | 108 |



HOMICIDE BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX - TARRANT COUNTY

|  | W/M | W/F | B/M | B/F | H/M | H/F | A/M | A/F | 1/M | I/F | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00-10 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| 11-20 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 |
| 21-30 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| 31-40 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| 41-50 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| 51-60 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| 61-70 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 71-80 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 33 | 16 | 22 | 3 | 22 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 108 |

## DENTON COUNTY DATA MATRICES



NATURAL DEATHS - DENTON COUNTY

| Cause of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cardiovascular System (Including Hypertensive Deaths) | $\mathbf{1 0 7}$ |
| Gastrointestinal/Hepatobiliary System | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| Respiratory System | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS) | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| Malignancies | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Central Nervous System | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Genitourinary/Renal System | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Seizure Disorder | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Lymphatic: AIDS | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Sudden Death (Undetermined) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Muscle/Skeletal/Integument System | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 2 9}$ |



## ACCIDENTAL DEATHS - DENTON COUNTY

| Type Of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Anatomical \& Physiological Complications | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Asphyxiation (Choking) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Asphyxiation (Hanging) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Asphyxiation (CO Inhalation) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Blunt Force | $\mathbf{1 2}$ |
| Blunt Force (Crush Injury) | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| Blunt Force (Fall) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Blunt Force (Fall From Height) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Drowning (Lake) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Drowning (Other) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Drowning (Pool) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Electrical | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Fire Fatality | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Firearm | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Overdose (Mixed Drugs) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Overdose (Non-Therapeutic Drugs) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Overdose (Therapeutic Drugs) | $\mathbf{1 3}$ |
| Sharp Force | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Vehicular | $\mathbf{1 7}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 9}$ |



ACCIDENTAL BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX - DENTON COUNTY

|  | W/M | W/F | B/M | B/F | H/M | H/F | A/M | A/F | I/M |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00-10 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | H/F | A/M | A/F | 1/M | I/F | Total |
| 11-20 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 21-30 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 31-40 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| 41-50 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| 51-60 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| 61-70 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 71-80 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Over | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 29 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 49 |

ACCIDENTAL BY AGE AND BLOOD ALCOHOL - DENTON COUNTY

|  | $\mathbf{. 0 1 - . 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{. 0 6 - . 1 0}$ | . $\mathbf{. 1 1 - . \mathbf { 1 5 }}$ | $\mathbf{. 1 6 - . 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{. 2 1 - . 2 5}$ | $. \mathbf{2 6}-\mathbf{3 0}$ | $\mathbf{> . 3 0}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 2 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 3}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 0 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{9}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Over 80 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{4 5}$ |

ACCIDENTAL BY AGE AND TOXICOLOGY - DENTON COUNTY

|  | ABN | Cocaine | Cannabinoid | Opiates | BZD |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 10 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 14 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 10 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 12 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 5 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 8 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 6}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{5 2}$ |

## SUICIDE DEATHS - DENTON COUNTY

| Cause Of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Asphyxiation (CO Inhalation) | 2 |
| Asphyxiation (Hanging) | 9 |
| Asphyxiation (Suffocation) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Firearm | 22 |
| Overdose (Therapeutic Drugs) | 6 |
| Overdose (Mixed Drugs) | 2 |
| Blunt Force (Fall From Height) | 2 |
| Sharp Force | 5 |
| Total | 49 |



SUICIDE BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX-DENTON COUNTY

|  | W/M | W/F | B/M | B/F | H/M | H/F | A/M | A/F | I/M | I/F | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00-10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 11-20 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| 21-30 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| 31-40 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| 41-50 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 51-60 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| 61-70 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 71-80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Over } \\ \mathbf{8 0} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 25 | 14 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 49 |

SUICIDE BY AGE AND BLOOD ALCOHOL- DENTON COUNTY

| . $\mathbf{0 1 - . 0 5}$ | $.06-\mathbf{. 1 0}$ | . $\mathbf{1 1 - . \mathbf { 1 5 }}$ | $. \mathbf{1 6}-\mathbf{2 0}$ | . $\mathbf{2 1 - . 2 5}$ | . $\mathbf{2 6 - . 3 0}$ | $>. \mathbf{3 0}$ | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1}$ | 3 | 4 | $\mathbf{3}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 2}$ |

SUICIDE BY AGE AND TOXICOLOGY- DENTON COUNTY

|  | ABN | Cocaine | Cannabinoid | Opiates | BZD |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |

## HOMICIDE DEATHS - DENTON COUNTY

| Cause Of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Asphyxiation | 1 |
| Firearm | 1 |
| Vehicular | 5 |
| Blunt Force | 5 |
| Sharp Force | 5 |
| Total | 17 |



HOMICIDE BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX - DENTON COUNTY

|  | W/M | W/F | B/M | B/F | H/M | H/F | A/MI | A/F | I/M | 1/F | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00-10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 11-20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 21-30 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| 31-40 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 41-50 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 51-60 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 61-70 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 71-80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 11 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 |

HOMICIDE BY AGE AND BLOOD ALCOHOL - DENTON COUNTY

|  | $\mathbf{0 5}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 1}$ | 0.15 | 0.2 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 5}$ | 0.3 | $>0.3$ | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 0 | 3 | $\mathbf{2}$ | 4 | $\mathbf{2}$ | 0 | 0 | 11 |

HOMICIDE BY AGE AND TOXICOLOGY - DENTON COUNTY

|  | ABN | Cocaine | Camnabinoid | Opiates | BZD |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | 0 |

## PARKER COUNTY DATA MATRICES



NATURAL DEATHS - PARKER COUNTY

| Cause Of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cardiovascular System (including Hypertensive Deaths) | $\mathbf{3 2}$ |
| Respiratory System | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Malignancies | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Central Nervous System | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Gastrointestinal/Hepatobiliary System | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Genitourinary/Renal System | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Hematopoietic/Lymphatic System: AIDS | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 6}$ |



## ACCIDENTAL DEATHS - PARKER COUNTY

| Type Of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Motor Vehicular Collision | $\mathbf{1 3}$ |
| Aircraft Collision/Crash | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Fire Fatality (incl. CO Inhalation) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Electrocution | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Drug Overdose (Mixed Drugs: Prescription) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Drug Overdose (Ethanol) | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| Drug Overdose (Illegal Substances) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Blunt Force Trauma | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| Overlay (recreation accident) | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 4}$ |



ACCIDENTAL BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX - PARKER COUNTY

|  | $\mathbf{W} / \mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{W} / \mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{B} / \mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{B} / \mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{H} / \mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{H} / \mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{A} / \mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{A} / \mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{I} / \mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{I} / \mathbf{F}$ | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 4}$ |

## ACCIDENTAL BY AGE AND BLOOD ALCOHOL - PARKER COUNTY

|  | $\mathbf{. 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{. 1}$ | $\mathbf{. 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{. 2}$ | $\mathbf{. 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 3}$ | $>.3$ | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $71-80$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 2}$ |

## ACCIDENTAL BY AGE AND TOXICOLOGY - PARKER COUNTY

|  | ABN | Cocaine | Cannabinoid | Opiates | BZD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |

## SUICIDE DEATHS - PARKER COUNTY

| Cause Of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Asphyxiation (Hanging) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Firearm | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| Sharp Force | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 2}$ |



SUICIDE BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX - PARKER COUNTY

|  | W/MI | W/F | B/M | B/F | H/M | H/F | A/M | A/F | I/M | I/F | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00-10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 11-20 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 21-30 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 31-40 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 41-50 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 51-60 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 61-70 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 71-80 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Over } \\ \mathbf{8 0} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 11 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 |


|  | $\mathbf{. 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 3}$ | $>0.3$ | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $71-80$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{6}$ |

SUICIDE BY AGE AND TOXICOLOGY - PARKER COUNTY

|  | ABN | Cocaine | Cannabinoid | Opiates | BZD |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |

## HOMICIDE DEATHS - PARKER COUNTY

| Cause Of Death | Total |
| :--- | :---: |
| Firearm | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Vehicular | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Blunt Force | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2}$ |



HOMICIDE BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX - PARKER COUNTY

|  | $\mathbf{W} / \mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{W} / \mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{B} / \mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{B} / \mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{H} / \mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{H} / \mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{A} / \mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{A} / \mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{I} / \mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{I} / \mathbf{F}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{2}$ |

## HOMICIDE BY AGE AND BLOOD ALCOHOL - PARKER COUNTY

|  | $\mathbf{0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 3}$ | $>\mathbf{0 . 3}$ | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ |

HOMICIDE BY AGE AND TOXICOLOGY - PARKER COUNTY

|  | ABN | Cocaine | Cannabinoid | Opiates | BZD |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 - 1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 1 - 2 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 - 3 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{3 1 - 4 0}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{4 1 - 5 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{5 1 - 6 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{6 1 - 7 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{7 1 - 8 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Over 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

# CHILD FATALITY REVIEW TEAM 


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## CHILD FATALITY REVIEW TEAM

Child deaths attributable to illness, birth defect, delivery difficulty, neoplastic disease, and other natural causes account for approximately two out of three child fatalities locally. Although these deaths can be devastating, the larger community is impacted perhaps more by deaths occurring unnaturally. Texas, in 1999, had 44,532 confirmed victims of child abuse or neglect. 176 of these children died as a direct result. The greatest risk of death from abuse or neglect occurs among the youngest children who, because of their age, have an absolute dependence on their caretakers. During 1998, 73 percent of all child fatalities in Texas occurred among victims under four years of age, with males outnumbering females slightly as victims of fatal maltreatment.

Although there are more than 4,000 child deaths annually in Texas, no single agency tracks all aspects of every death reported. Of particular interest are those deaths that are preventable. In 1995, the Texas Legislature amended Chapter 264 of the Family Code to include language outlining the establishment and continuance of a state child fatality review team committee, local child fatality review teams, and formation of a statewide analytical evaluation of all collected and reported child death information. The ultimate goal of the project is to identify trends and reduce the number of preventable childhood deaths. There are approximately 50 representatives appointed the Tarrant County CFRT from the following agencies:

\author{

* Tarrant, Denton, and Parker County District Attorney Offices <br> * Local Law Enforcement <br> * Texas Department of Protective and Regulatory Services (CPS) <br> * Cook Children's Medical Center <br> * Rural-Metro EMS <br> * North Texas SIDS Alliance <br> * Alliance for Children - Tarrant County <br> \% Tarrant County College (Child Abuse Training Project) <br> * Fort Worth Bureau of Vital Statistics <br> * Tarrant County, Fort Worth, and Denton Public Health Departments <br> * University of North Texas Health Science Center - Public Health program <br> \% Medical Specialists (e.g., pediatric neurosurgeon, pathologist, and epidemiologist) <br> * Emergency Physicians Advisory Board <br> * Crimes Against Children Task Forces <br> * Shaken Baby Alliance
}

Of the 131 child deaths reviewed by the CFRT in 2004, 56 (42\%) were due to natural causes while the remaining 75 (58\%) were attributable to unnatural means. Unnatural deaths reviewed are comprised of 13 homicides ( $9 \%$ ), 54 accidents ( $41 \%$ ), 6 suicides ( $4 \%$ ), and 2 undetermined cases (1\%).

## CHILD DEATH CERTIFICATION SUMMARY

| Mammer of Death Certification | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Natural | 56 | 60 | 58 | 56 |
| Accidental | 47 | 32 | 29 | 54 |
| Homicide | 19 | 19 | 10 | 13 |
| Suicide | 10 | 2 | 6 | 6 |
| Undetermimed | 7 | 9 | 3 | 2 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 1}$ |

## CAUSE AND MANNER OF DEATH

| Natural Death | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cardiovascular System | 5 | 2 | 0 | 7 |
| Central Nervous System | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Developmental | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Endocrine System | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Gastrointestinal System | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Hepatic System | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Infectious Disease | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Intrauterine Fetal Demaise | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pulmonary System | 11 | 1 | 0 | 12 |
| Sudden Infant Death Syndrome | 24 | 2 | 1 | 27 |
| Sudden Death (Unknown Etiology) | 6 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| Total | 46 | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{5 6}$ |


| Accidental Death | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blunt Force | 21 | 4 | 2 | $\mathbf{2 7}$ |
| Aspiration | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Positional | 0 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Drowning | 15 | 0 | 1 | $\mathbf{1 6}$ |
| Drug Overdose | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Choking | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| Electrocution | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| Impalement | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| Environment | 2 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Fall | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pedestrian | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Undetermined | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 4}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ |

CAUSE AND MANNER OF DEATH

| Homicide Death | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blunt Force Trauma | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Firearm | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Malnutrition | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Drug | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sharp Force | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Drowning | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 3}$ |

CAUSE AND MANNER OF DEATH

| Suicide Death | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drug Overdose | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Firearm | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Hanging | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Suffocation | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 |

CAUSE AND MANNER OF DEATH

| Undetermined Death | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blunt Force | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Drug Exposure | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Overlay History | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sudden Death (Unknown Etiology) | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2}$ | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{2}$ |

## COMPARATIVE STATISTICS

| Natural Deaths | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cardiovascular System | 5 | $\mathbf{9}$ | 4 | 7 |
| Central Nervous System | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| Developmental | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Endocrine System | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Gastrointestinal System | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Genitourinary System | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hepatic System | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Infectious Disease | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Intrauterine Fetal Demise | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pulmonary System | 0 | 3 | 6 | 12 |
| Sudden Infant Death Syndrome | 22 | 24 | 38 | 27 |
| Sudden Neonatal Death | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sudden Death (Unknown Etiology) | 12 | 15 | 2 | 7 |
| Total | 56 | 60 | $\mathbf{5 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 6}$ |


| Accidental Deaths | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asphyxiation | 4 | 4 | 0 | 3 |
| Blunt Force Trauma | 1 | 0 | 22 | 27 |
| Drowning | 9 | 7 | 5 | 16 |
| Environmental | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Drug Overdose | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Fall | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Impalement | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Fire/Carbon Monoxide Inhalation | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Vehicular | 21 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Hanging | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Pedestrian | 0 | $\mathbf{8}$ | 0 | 0 |
| Electrocution | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 4}$ |


| Homicide Deaths | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asphyxiation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Blunt Force Trauma | 5 | 5 | 4 | 6 |
| Drowning | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Firearm | 6 | 5 | 3 | 4 |
| Fire/Carbon Monoxide Inhalation | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sharp Force Trauma | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Vehicular | 6 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Poisoning/Drug | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Shaken Baby Syndrome | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Environmental | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Malnutrition | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 3}$ |

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS

| Suicide Deaths | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fall From Height | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Blunt Force | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Suffocation | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Firearm | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Hanging | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Vehicular | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |


| Vehicular Deaths | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Driver | 10 | 4 | 8 | 5 |
| Passenger | 12 | 14 | 13 | 6 |
| Pedestrian | 7 | 11 | 0 | 8 |
| Pedalist | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0}$ |


| Age | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ (Under 24 Hours) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Less than 30 days | 14 | 5 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{1}$ month - 4 months | 31 | 25 | 35 | 27 |
| 5 months - 8 months | 10 | 14 | 12 | 7 |
| 9 months - 12 months | 4 | 6 | 0 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{1}$ year - 5 years | 22 | 28 | 14 | 28 |
| 6 years - 10 years | 7 | 16 | 1 | 9 |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ years - 15 years | 28 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ years - 17 years | 232 | 16 | 23 | 31 |
| Unknown | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 1}$ |

## SUMMARY STATISTICS

| Race | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White | 52 | 9 | 5 | $\mathbf{6 6}$ |
| Black | 21 | 4 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 5}$ |
| Hispanic | 37 | 1 | 1 | $\mathbf{3 9}$ |
| Asian | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 1}$ |


| Gender | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male | 71 | 11 | 3 | $\mathbf{8 5}$ |
| Female | 40 | 3 | 3 | $\mathbf{4 6}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 1}$ |


| Race and Gender | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White Male | 9 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| White Female | 22 | 4 | 1 | $\mathbf{2 7}$ |
| Black Male | 6 | 0 | 1 | $\mathbf{7}$ |
| Black Female | 4 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| Hispanic Male | 25 | 2 | 1 | $\mathbf{2 8}$ |
| Hispanic Female | 7 | 1 | 1 | 9 |
| Asian Male | 11 | 3 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 4}$ |
| Asian Female | 27 | 2 | 2 | $\mathbf{3 1}$ |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 1}$ |


| Age | Tarrant | Denton | Parker | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 1 month | 9 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ month - 4 months | 22 | 4 | 1 | $\mathbf{2 7}$ |
| 5 months - 8 months | 6 | 0 | 1 | $\mathbf{7}$ |
| 9 months - 12 months | 4 | 1 | 0 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ year - 5 years | 25 | 2 | 1 | $\mathbf{2 8}$ |
| 6 years - 10 years | 7 | 1 | 1 | $\mathbf{9}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ years - 15 years | 11 | 3 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 4}$ |
| 16 years - 17 years | 27 | 2 | 2 | $\mathbf{3 1}$ |
| Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 1}$ |

## SPECIAL SERVICES



## SPECIAL SERVICES

## FORENSIC EDUCATION PROGRAM



Opportunities for education in the forensic sciences are extended to local law enforcement, medical, and higher education agencies through the medical examiner's office. Over 600 persons annually are provided the unique educational experience of witnessing a forensic autopsy. Local agencies served through this educational program include the Fort Worth and Arlington Police and Fire Academies, District Attorney Offices in Hood and Denton County, Weatherford College Nursing School, and both the pre-med and biology honor sciences at Texas Wesleyan University and other colleges.

## MEDICAL EXAMINER'S AND CORONER'S ALERT PROJECT (MECAP)

The U.S. Consumer Produce Safety Commission (CPSC), an independent federal regulatory agency created by Congress in 1972 to protect the public from unreasonable risks of injury or death associated with various consumer products, collects product information from the Tarrant County Medical Examiner's Office in an ongoing effort to identify and recall defective products. Applicable deaths falling under the jurisdiction of the medical examiner's district are evaluated according to CPSC guidelines as set forth under the Medical Examiner's and Coroner's Alert Project (MECAP). During an in-depth investigation into the cause and manner of death, information about possible mechanisms of injury is assessed for validity. When a death is attributable to a consumer product, relevant information is compiled and forwarded to the CPSC. Specific information about these records, presented as summaries indexed by consumer product, can be obtained through the Injury/Potential Injury Incident File (IPII) maintained by the CPSC. Information presented by the medical examiner's office can lead to the CPSC's negotiation of voluntary industry standards, enforced mandatory standards, product recall and repair, research on potential product hazards, and consumer education initiatives.

## DRUG ABUSE WARNING NETWORK (DAWN)

DAWN provides semi-annual estimates of the number of drug-related visits to hospital Emergency departments based on a nationally representative sample of short-stay general hospitals located throughout the United States. Emergency room estimates are produced for 21 large metropolitan areas and for the nation. DAWN also collects information on drug related deaths from selected medical examiner offices, including the Tarrant County Medical Examiner District. Drug-related death data are produced for more than 40 metropolitan areas. Additionally, the Tarrant County Medical Examiner District provides data annually on drugrelated deaths to the Tarrant Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse (TCFADA) and the Behavioral Research Institute of Texas Christian University.

# PRESENTATIONS, PROFESSIONAL TRAINING and SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITIES 

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# PRESENTATIONS, PROFESSIONAL TRAINING, AND SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITIES 

## NEW EMPLOYEES

- Dr. Robert Lloyd White, M.D.
- Mick Kimbrow
- Cheryl Wheeler
- Connie Lewis
- Julieta Alvedros

Deputy Medical Examiner
Forensic Death Investigator
Forensic Toxicologist
Forensic Toxicologist
Records Clerk

## January

- Carolyn Van Winkle and Constance Patton attended the AFDAA meeting in Austin, Texas.


## February

- Larry Reynolds attended the PMA show in Las Vegas, Navada.
- Ronald Singer, Carolyn Van Winkle, Patricia Eddings, Dana Austin, Kelly Belcher, Angela Springfield, Marc Krouse, Nizam Peerwani and Nannepaga Zachariah attended the annual meeting of the American Academy of Forensic Sciences in Dallas, Texas; Mr. Singer was installed as President of the organization at that meeting.
- Jamie Becker served as a Product Safety Advisor for the Shooting, Hunting and Outdoor Trade Show (SHOT Show) in Las Vegas, Nevada.


## March

- Patricia Eddings and Kelly Belcher attended a Footwear Examination school taught by William Bodziak in Austin, Texas.
- Patricia Eddings presented a lecture to the Texas Criminal Defense Lawyers Association in Dallas, Texas.
- Dana Austin completed a training course using laser mapping equipment and also taught a one day training class to members of the Dallas FBI ERT team.

April

- Ronald Singer participated in a meeting of the UTA College of Science Advisory Panel.
- Mike Smith attended a meeting of the Texas Society Of Histotechnology in Lubbock, Texas.


## May

- Jamie Becker attended the annual training seminar of the Association of Firearm and Toolmark Examiners (Vancouver).
- Bill Bailey attended the NCIC training in Austin, Texas.
- Ronald Singer attended a meeting of the Forensic Science Education Programs Accreditation Commission (Chicago) and also was a participant in the National Institute of Justice, a 180 day study to access the status and needs of the forensic science community in Washington, DC.


## June

- The crime laboratory was inspected and re-accredited by ASCLD/LAB during the month.


## JULY

- Patricia Eddings and Kelly Belcher attended a seminar on courtroom testimony at the Carrollton Police Department and also presented lectures in various forensic topics to COG students at the North Texas Council of Governments in Arlington, Texas.
- Ronald Singer delivered a lecture at the Forensic Science Educational Conference in St. Louis, Missouri.


## AUGUST

- Constance Patton and Carolyn Van Winkle attended the AFDAA meeting in Austin, Texas.
- Bill Bailey attended a week of training in IAI in St. Louis, Missouri.
- Carolyn Van Winkle conducted a quality audit of the Austin Police Department's DNA Laboratory in Austin, Texas.
- Jamie Becker attended the ATF Full-automatics and Silencers Workshop in Houston, Texas.
- Patricia Eddings and Kelly Belcher attended the Lamp Filament Examination School at the DPS Laboratory in Austin, Texas.


## September

- Ronald Singer represented the American Academy of Forensic Sciences in a forensic fact finding mission to Santiago, Chile and Buenos Aires, Argentina.
- Constance Patton and Carolyn Van Winkle attended a seminar sponsored by ABI in Austin, Texas.
- Patricia Eddings presented a lecture to the Texas Criminal Defense Lawyer's Association.
- Obinna Ugwu attended the NAME annual meeting.


## October

- Constance Patton and Carolyn Van Winkle attended a SANE meeting during the month.
- Pat EI Rashid and Larry Anderson attended Texas Property and Evidence Association.
- Ronald Singer attended the ITERPOL International Forensic Science Symposium in Lyon, France.


## November

- Constance Patton attended the annual CaDIS Users Group meeting in Crystal City, Virginia.
- Dr. Dana Austin, with the assistance of all members of the crime lab, presented a Buried Body Recovery school for the Arlington Police Department in Arlington, Texas.
- Dr. Dana Austin taught forensic anthropology at "Expanding Your Horizons in Math and Science".
- Dr. Dana Austin attended a workshop titled "Strangulation Related Injuries" in Arlington, Texas.
- Dr. Roger Metcalf participated in the Field Functional Disaster Preparedness Exercise held at Tarrant County Public Health Department.


## December

- Several of the laboratory staff participated in the Medical Examiner's Fifth Annual Conference, Current Trends in Forensic Science.
- Ronald Singer participated in a meeting of the International Scientific and Professional Advisory Council of the United Nations in Courmayeur, Italy as a guest of the Courmayeur Foundation.


[^0]:    *Non-Therapeutic drugs are controlled substances, Therapeutic drugs include prescription drugs and alcohol, and Mixed Drugs refer to a mixture of either several different drugs in one or both of these categories.

